

CLASSIFIED COLUMN

WANT ADVERTISING RATES

Twenty-five words or less, One Time 25 cents, Three Times 50 cents, Six Times \$1.00.

All advertisement over twenty-five words prorata for each additional word. Rates on 1,000 words to be used in a month made on application.

No advertisement taken for less than 25 cents, cash in advance.

If your name appears in the telephone directory you can telephone your want ad to 321 and a bill will be mailed after its insertion for prompt payment.

WANTS

WANTED—You to know that I am still on the job with the best wood and coal on the market, if you don't believe it try me. W. O. Ulmer, Phone 649. Successor to Piedmont Coal and Wood Co. 4-15-14.

WANTED—Every house keeper in Anderson to try loaf of "Aunt Mary's Cream Bread." It's made at home and your grocer keeps it. Anderson Pure Food Co. 8-15-14

LOST

A time certificate of deposit No. 1817 issued by The Bank of Ivy, Ivy, S. C., to me on May 22nd, 1915 for \$285.70 has been lost. It has not been indorsed by me and the public is hereby warned not to trade for it, as I have applied for a duplicate.

Mahaley Bozeman.
8-19-31-14w.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Pure native grown Look-out Mountain seed potatoes \$2.00 per bushel. Plant as soon as it rains. Furman Smith, Seedsman, Phone 464.

MISCELLANEOUS

SUBSCRIPTIONS TO DAILY INTELLIGENCER AT REDUCED PRICE—During the Daily Intelligencer contest which closed March, 1914, in order to secure votes to win the \$2,500 prize, I purchased a number of subscriptions to the Daily Intelligencer at the rate of \$5.00 a year. In order to get some of the money back which I put into the contest, I will sell a limited number of subscriptions to the Daily Intelligencer at the rate of \$3.00 a year to anyone wishing to subscribe or renew their subscription to this paper, or at a rate of \$1.25 a year to the Semi-weekly Intelligencer. If interested, address P. O. Box 347, Anderson, S. C. 8-17-14

WHEN YOU can not see right step in our Optical Department—and get just the Glasses you need. Complete grinding plant. Eyes scientifically tested. Dr. M. R. Campbell, Louisa E. Hilsenrath, assistant, 112 W. Whitner St., Ground Floor.

MONEY TO LOAN.

We are prepared to make loans on approved farm property in Anderson county in amounts of not less than \$2,000, at 7 per cent. Charges moderate. Apply to Quattlebaum & Cochran, Attorneys. 8-19-31.

MISCELLANEOUS—Rent collecting a specialty. My Motto: "Promptness, efficiency, courtesy." Houses and lots for sale, terms arranged to suit purchasers. I deal with all efforts on a just and reliable basis; a regular live and let live policy. Office 101 1-2 East Whitner. W. C. Broadwell. 8-20-6t.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

C. GADSDEN SAYRE
Architect
405-408 Bleckley Building
Anderson, S. C.

Chisholm, Trowbridge & Suggs
DENTISTS
New Theatre Building
W. Whitner St.

RUFUS FANT, Jr.
ATTORNEY AT LAW
Cox-Townsend Bldg.
Anderson, S. C. South Carolina

H. H. Rosenberg
TAILOR FOR MEN
134 North Main

FOLEY KIDNEY PILLS
FOR BACKACHE KIDNEY AND BLADDER



ROAST

A NICE BIG ROAST

of Beef, Pork or Mutton is really one of the best meats. For it is just as good cold as hot. So you can have several meals with only one cooking. Tell us to send one for Sunday dinner. Make it a big one, for our meats are so choice that only a big one will have enough left to cut up old.

PHONE 694.

The Lily White Market
J. N. LINDSAY, Proprietor.

Wear--

Polase
Fro La Say
Front, Laced Corsets
Fitted perfectly by our corsetiere
\$3.50 to \$12.50

Mrs. B. Graves Boyd

STOP

Spending all you earn. Start a Bank Account deposit one dollar a week and get the saving habit.

A dollar saved is a dollar made.

The Savings Department of

The Bank of Anderson
The strongest bank in the county.

Charleston & Western Carolina Railway

To and From the NORTH, SOUTH, EAST, WEST

Leaves:

No. 22 6:08 A. M.

No. 6 3:37 P. M.

Arrives:

No. 21 11:15 A. M.

No. 5 3:07 P. M.

Information, Schedules, rates, etc., promptly given.

E. WILLIAMS, G. P. A.,
Augusta, Ga.

GLASSES PLUS

The day when you bought your glasses "any old place" is gone.

Present day intelligence won't permit you to trifle or gamble on good vision.

If you need glasses you need the knowledge and service which should go with the best.

Here, you get just what you want—glasses plus.

Walter H. Keese & Co.
Eyes Examined Free.

Society

Phone 37.

Misses Louise and Marguerite Henry, Catherine and Emily Sullivan and Laura Horton have returned from Camp Waych, near Canton, N. C.

Mrs. E. C. Horton and Miss Mollie Horton have returned from Hendersonville.

Mrs. R. E. Cochran has returned from a visit to Greenville.

Miss Sadie Klutz of Salisbury is visiting Mrs. W. K. Overman.

Mrs. George Leitner of Augusta is visiting her mother Mrs. J. O. Wilhite.

Mrs. Robert S. Henry of Pittsburgh, Penn., is the attractive guest of her sister Mrs. J. Irving Brownlee.

Master Robert Orr Brownlee has gone to Charlotte to visit relatives.

Misses Isabel and Amelia Mae Hilleys who have been the attractive guests of Mr. Paul Stephens the past month, have returned to their home in Atlanta, Ga.

Miss Dora Gray of Columbia is expected today to be the guest of the Misses Cunningham at Andersonville where they are spending several weeks.

For Two Attractive Visitors.
A pleasant little affair for Wednesday evening was given by Mr. Leo Lehighman in honor of their house guests Miss Rose Wineberg of Wedgefield and Miss Theo Hirschman of Charleston.

It was given at the pretty home of Mr. and Mrs. Sol Lesser on E. River street and the bright attractiveness of the home made the guests forget the rain without and the evening was delightful informal and enjoyable. Dainty refreshments were served.

Mr. and Mrs. D. P. Sloan and Mrs. Willett Sloan returned last night from a visit to Highlands. Mr. Willett Sloan will return today.

Miss Rose Wineberg of Wedgefield and Miss Theo Hirschman of Charleston are visiting friends here.

Delightful Little Party.
Miss Mabel Dillingham entertained a few friends at a delightful little informal party yesterday afternoon in honor of her guests Misses Francis and Ruth Martin and Lucile Chapman.

The afternoon was spent playing merry games, the attractive young hostess being assisted by Misses Clarence Townsend, Hazel Murphy and Elizabeth Kistler. Later the little folks were served with a delicious sweet course.

PARKS-LEE.

Beautiful Home Wedding Solemnized Last Night.

Last night at the home of the bride's mother, Mrs. L. M. Parks in N. Anderson a beautiful and impressive wedding ceremony occurred when Miss Charlotte Parks became the bride of Mr. John H. Lee of Marion, Ala.

The home was artistically decorated with ferns and clematis, a graceful net work of vines entwined with clematis being arranged in the rear of the hall. At 8 o'clock to the sweet strains of the wedding march played by Mrs. T. D. Goldsmith of Greenville, four little ribbon bearers entered and took their place on either side of the effective green back ground.

These little girls were little Misses Dorothy Prevost, Helen Nardin, Louise Burriss and Lucile Speer. The dainty little ring bearer Mary Breeden entered alone carrying the ring on a large pink rose. The lovely bride entered with the groom, and advancing to the improvised altar, met Dr. Paul V. Bomar of Marion, Ala., who performed the marriage ceremony with the ring, with a sweet and solemn impressiveness.

During the ceremony Mrs. H. H. Harris sang softly a sweet solo. The bride was beautiful in her pure white bridal robes and she carried a shower bouquet of brides roses.

Immediately after the ceremony an informal reception was held, about seventy five guests being present. Later Mrs. Lee changed to a handsome dark blue travelling suit and the young couple left on the 9:15 train for the groom's home at Marion, Ala. Mrs. Lee is a charming young woman of rare attractiveness and a host of friends will be greatly interested in the news of her marriage.

Mr. Lee is a prominent and successful farmer, of Marion.

Glass for China.

(From a Bulletin of the Philadelphia Commercial Museum.)

China imports about 100,000 worth of window glass. This is approximately three times as much as was imported five years ago, and is exclusive of the trade of Hong Kong, which amounts to as much more. The whole trade is not a large one in proportion to the population but it is one which is bound to grow rapidly with the advance of China in modern civilization. There is a very great advance being made in the adoption of European methods of construction of dwellings as well as of business houses. As yet only the very cheap grades are wanted, and if Belgium were a possible competitor, the opportunities for American manufacturers would not be great. With Belgium out of the running, the case is entirely different.

In Pay of the Germans?



George Sylvester Viereck, Editor of the Fatherland.

George Sylvester Viereck is the founder of the Fatherland, a weekly publication in New York City. It was started shortly after the war began and it has been a rabid defender of German policy, even excusing the sinking of the Lusitania. It has been a severe critic of President Wilson's German policy. A New York newspaper, in an effort to show that this publication was largely supported directly from German official funds, has published what it declares to be letters from Viereck to Dr. Heinrich F. Albert, German financial representative, presenting his account for June, 1915, and asking \$7,500, and Dr. Albert's reply, under date of July 1, 1915, that he hoped "in the course of the week to be able to make payment." The doctor also makes what is equal to a demand for control over the policy of the paper.

KAISER'S LOSS IS \$20,000,000.

Emperor's Income Was Officially Given as Largest in Germany.

(Paris Dispatch to New York Sun.)
A report that the Kaiser's private fortune has been diminished by \$20,000,000 since the war began has led the discussion as to his wealth.

When the war contribution was levied in Germany a few years ago the Kaiser was placed first in his Empire as having the greatest income, \$5,625,000 a year, but third as regards the amount of fortune, ranking after King Bertha Krupp von Borlen with \$56,600,000 and an income of \$3,200,000, and Prince Henckel von Donnersmarck, \$50,800,000 and an income of \$2,600,000.

According to this official return the Kaiser's visible income was composed of his civil list, \$4,275,000; rents and products of crown forests, \$875,000, and interest on the crown treasure, \$375,000. His visible assets were entered as real estate, crown forests, etc., \$17,500,000; building property, \$10,000,000; property and land in Berlin, \$4,500,000, totalling \$32,000,000. In money the Kaiser possessed:

(1) The crown treasure formed after Jena by Frederick William III of \$3,750,000 (half of which was not to be touched except under stress of a severe crisis) and increased by William I by \$1,250,000, taken from the war indemnity paid by France in 1871.

(2) His shares of the personal wealth left by William I, the total of which was \$20,000,000.

(3) An unknown sum representing investments made since he came to the throne.

The amount these investments represent is not exactly known, but he is a heavy holder in the Hamburg-American Line, the Reichbank, and above all in Krupp. His name does not figure on the official list of shareholders in these companies, but the shares there, given as belong first to M. Muller and afterward to M. Grimm administrator of the emperor's private purse, are generally credited to being the Kaiser's property.

PREFERRED PREACHING OF WOMAN TO PASTOR

Rev. J. S. Stafford of Missionary Methodist Church at Forest City Quits Flock.

Forest City—Because his flock preferred the preaching of a female member of the organization—Mrs. Rice of Spartanburg—to his own, Rev. J. S. Stafford, pastor of the Missionary Methodist Church, one night this week and threatened to terminate the revival which has been in progress for several days and several nights. As a pastor, Mr. Stafford thought that he ought to go some of the talking, but this opinion was not concurred in by some of the other members.

Sometime between midnight and dawn Mr. Stafford pulled down the big tent and carried it away. Officers of the Church were notified early the next morning and an effort was made to restore the tent to its former position alongside the church building.

Mr. Stafford had the tent read to ship, saying that he had 40 of his hard-earned dollars invested in the canvas, and that it belonged to him. Some one started for a sheriff, but before the sheriff had time to appear on the scene, Rev. H. C. Sisk, father of the Church organization, came up and passed \$40 over to Mr. Stafford, at the same time intimating that Stafford could do better work elsewhere.

Mr. Stafford departed, so the meeting is continuing under the preaching of Mrs. Rice.

Personal

Mr. T. Frank Watkins is in New York for a few days.

Miss Blanche McClellan has returned to the city after of several weeks on Sullivan's Island at the home of her aunt, Mrs. F. H. Moorehead.

Mr. and Mrs. Earle Lewis have returned from Jocassee where they have been spending the past few days.

Messrs. Langdon Fretwell and Joe Wall are spending several days at Clayton, Ga.

Mr. George Thompson of Richmond, Va., is visiting in the city for a few days.

Mr. K. E. Barriss of Preston, Ga., is visiting in the city for a few days.

Mrs. W. S. Beatty is visiting in Columbia this week.

Mrs. G. H. Lighty of Augusta is visiting her mother, Mrs. J. O. Wilhite for a few days.

Miss Rosa Lee DeBerry will leave this morning for her home in Florence where she will spend several days.

Mr. George P. Hammond has returned from San Francisco, Cal., where he attended the exposition.

Mr. and Mrs. Travenor LaFoy have returned from their bridal tour having visited Washington, Baltimore and other northern cities.

Mr. John T. Milford passed through the city yesterday on the way to his home in the country after a visit to cities in Georgia.

Mr. Frank Pruitt has returned from Gadsden, Ala., where he has been for the past several days.

Mr. John Russell of Pendleton was a visitor in the city yesterday.

Mr. W. H. Tucker of the Hopewell section was a business visitor in the city yesterday.

Mr. David P. Ligon has gone to the mountains to join a camping party.

Mr. C. B. Woodson of Auburn, Ga., is the guest of his brother, Mr. P. C. Woodson on Osborn, Ave.

Miss Catherine Fussell of Society Hill is visiting Miss Margaret Barrett at 1117 Ligon street.

22,000,000 IN SCHOOLS.

Report of United States Commissioner Shows Only 216,000 Are College Students.

(From The New York Times.)

The enrollment in colleges and universities in the United States is only 216,000, or less than one per cent of a total of 22,000,000 in all the educational institutions of the country, according to the annual report issued by the United States Commissioner of Education. More than 19,000,000 were enrolled in the elementary schools, while 1,374,000 were in secondary schools, both public and private. Nearly 100,000 were in normal schools preparing to be teachers, 67,000 were in professional schools, while the rest were divided among other types of institutions. These students got instruction from 700,000 teachers, of whom 566,000 were in the public schools. In point of rapid growth the public high school still presents the most impressive figures because the enrollment for the last year was more than 84,000 in excess of the preceding one.

The cost of education in 1914, according to the estimate of the Commissioner of Education, was \$750,000,000. He adds in his report:

"This three-quarters of a billion dollars is a relatively small amount compared with other items in the public expense. It is less by \$300,000,000 than the cost of running the Federal Government. It is less than one-third the Nation's expenditure for alcoholic liquors. It is only a little more than three times the estimated cost of admissions to motion picture theatres in the United States for the same year. Measured in terms of products of the soil, the United States spent somewhat more for education in 1914 than the value of its cotton crop, and less than the value of its wheat crop, and less than half the value of the annual harvest of corn, while the Nation's bill for education was less by nearly \$100,000,000 than the value of the exports from the harbor of New York in the calendar year just past."

FOR ARTS SAKE.

More technical skill at the piano did not go very far with the late Rafael Joseffy, says The Literary Digest. There is a story related by one of his pupils which touches on that point. She was playing, as she thought very correctly but the great instructor, so like a dynamo seemed like a dynamo seemed like a dynamo about to burst.

"Get out of here," he stormed, "and do not return until you have been in love." This particular pupil must have had "temperament." Anyway she managed the order very expeditiously. Out she went into the hall and sat down for 15 minutes and thought with concentration of her latest love affair. Then she returned to her lesson, and sat down at the piano.

Joseffy did not speak until she had finished the nocturne. Then:

"Ah, that is it! Never play that nocturne again without the proper preparation."

OUR PUBLIC FORUM



Hon. Elihu Root
On Woman's Suffrage

The question of Woman Suffrage is an issue before the American people. Twelve states have adopted it, four more states vote upon it this fall and it is strongly urged that it become a platform demand of the national political parties. It is therefore the privilege and the duty of every voter to study carefully this subject. Hon. Elihu Root, in discussing this question before the constitutional convention of New York, recently said in part:

"I am opposed to the granting of suffrage to women, because I believe that it would be a loss to women, to all women and to every woman, and because I believe it would be an injury to the state, and to every man and every woman in the state. It would be useless to argue this if the right of suffrage were a natural right. If it were a natural right, then women should have it though the heavens fall. But if there be any one thing settled in the long discussion of this subject, it is that suffrage is not a natural right, but is imply a means of government, and the sole question to be discussed is whether government by the suffrage of men and women will be better government than by the suffrage of men alone.

"Into my judgment, sir, there enters no element of the inferiority of woman. It is not that woman is inferior to man, but it is that woman is different from man; that in the distribution of powers, of capacities, of qualities, our Maker has created man adapted to the performance of certain functions in the economy of nature and society, and woman adapted to the performance of other functions.

"Woman rules today by the sweet and noble influences of her character. Put woman into the arena of conflict and she abandons these great weapons which control the world, and she takes into her hands, feeble and nerveless for strife, weapons with which she is unfamiliar and which she is unable to wield. Woman in strife becomes hard, harsh, unlovable, repulsive; as far removed from that gentle creature to whom we all owe allegiance and to whom we confess submission, as the heaven is removed from the earth.

"The whole science of government is the science of protecting life and liberty and the pursuit of happiness. In the divine distribution of powers, the duty and the right of protection rests with the male. It is so throughout nature. It is so with men, and I, for one will never consent to part with the divine right of protecting my wife, my daughter, the women whom I love, and the women whom I respect, excelsing the birthright of man, and place that high duty in the weak and nerveless hands of those designed by God to be protected rather than to engage in the stern warfare of government. In my judgment, this whole movement arises from a false conception of the duty and of the right of both men and women.

"The time will never come when the line of demarcation between the functions of the two sexes will be broken down. I believe it to be false philosophy; I believe that it is an attempt to turn backward upon the line of social development, and that if the step ever be taken, we go centuries backward on the march towards a higher, nobler and purer civilization, which must be found not in the confusion, but in the higher differentiation of the sexes."



"Watch For The WHITE WAGON"

Purest and Richest Milk

Ask Milk Inspector

North Anderson Dairy
S. B. ELROD, Prop. Phone 808

STANDING OF THE CLUBS. YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.

SOUTHERN.			
	Won.	Lost.	P. C.
New Orleans	70	48	593
Memphis	66	53	555
Birmingham	63	53	534
Nashville	63	55	534
Atlanta	55	59	482
Mobile	53	64	452
Chattanooga	50	64	438
Little Rock	46	70	397

AMERICAN.			
	Won.	Lost.	P. C.
Detroit	72	39	649
Boston	69	37	649
Chicago	66	42	611
Washington	55	53	509
New York	51	51	500
Cleveland	42	67	386
St. Louis	40	68	379
Philadelphia	34	73	318

NATIONAL.			
	Won.	Lost.	P. C.
Philadelphia	56	48	538
Brooklyn	59	51	536
Chicago	55	53	509
Pittsburgh	56	55	505
Boston	53	54	495
St. Louis	52	59	438
Cincinnati	51	53	468
New York	50	54	481

FEDERAL.			
	Won.	Lost.	P. C.
Newark	61	48	560
Chicago	62	49	559
Pittsburgh	60	48	556
Kansas City	62	50	554
St. Louis	59	51	536
Buffalo	53	64	453
Brooklyn	51	63	447
Baltimore	39	72	351

calf boasts (1 its Jersey stock, which it is understood is the best that money can buy. Freakish as this story may seem, it is believed here, because of the directness of the origin of the story, being brought here by one of Gastonia's best-known residents.

Ladies! Secret To
Darken Gray Hair